SUBJECT GUIDE Academic year 2019/2020

POSTHARVEST TECHNOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGY

Revision date: May 14, 2019

MODULE	CONTENT	YEAR	TERM	CREDITS	TYPE
Biology	Postharvest Technology and Physiology	3rd	2	6	Optional
LECTURER(S)			Postal address, telephone nº, e-mail address		
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DEGREE WITHIN WHICH THE SUBJECT IS TAUGHT			OTHER POSSIBLE DEGREES		
Degree in Science and Food Technology			Degrees in Biology, Pharmacy, Human Nutrition and Dietetics		

PREREQUISITES and/or RECOMMENDATIONS (if necessary)

It is strongly recommended the student have completed Biology and Biochemistry and be able to translate a scientific journal paper.

BRIEF ACCOUNT OF THE SUBJECT PROGRAMME (ACCORDING TO THE DEGREE)

- Physiological processes in plant products after harvest. Optimization of conservation.
- Technology for the conservation of food of plant origin

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR ABILITIES

General competencies:

- CG1. Ability to communicate successfully in Spanish within the scope of the subject
- CG2. Problem-solving ability
- CG3. Teamwork
- CG4. Ability to apply theoretical knowledge in a particular way
- CG5. Decision making
- CG6. Ethical commitment
- CG7. Ability for analysis and synthesis
- CG8. Critical Thinking
- CG9. Concern for quality



- CG10. Ability for organization and planning
- CG11. Ability to manage information
- CG12. Be able to adapt to new situations
- CG13. Sensitivity to environmental issues
- CG14. Design and project management

Specific Competencies:

- CE1. Recognize and apply the physical, chemical, biochemical, biological, physiological, mathematical and statistical fundamentals necessary for the understanding and development of food science and technology.
- CE5. To know the processes of food preservation and identify the modifications they imply on food characteristics.

OBJECTIVES (EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF EXPECTED RESULTS OF THE TEACHING PROGRAMME)

- Provide Food Technology students with a solid background in the understanding of environmental factors affecting deterioration of fruits and vegetables
- Introduce students to technologies for conserving food of plant origin.
- To publicize the physiological processes of plants under adverse conditions caused by harvest and analyze their influence on the nutritional and commercial quality of food of plant origin.

DETAILED SUBJECT SYLLABUS

- 1. Concepts and objectives of the science and practice of post-harvest physiology.
- 2. Nature and structure of harvested products.
- 3. Metabolic processes in the harvested products.
- 4. Processes of secondary metabolism and products.
- 5. Development of plants and their parts.
- 6. Fruit set process.
- 7. Stress in the products harvested.
- 8. Gas and solute movements in harvested products and exchange with the environment.
- 9 Heat
- 10. Post-harvest technology of fleshy fruits from temperate zones
- 11. Post-harvest technology of small fruits (grapes, strawberries, kiwis)
- 12. Post-harvest technology of subtropical fruits
- 13. Post-harvest vegetable technology
- 14. Post-harvest technology of flowers, leaves and stems
- 15. Post-harvest technology of underground organs (roots, tubers, bulbs)
- 16. Post-harvest technology of fruits and vegetables with low processing rates
- 17. Post-harvest technology of nuts

Lab classes:

- 1. Procedures in Post-Harvest Technology: Ethylene treatments. Influence of temperature on storage period. Influence of CO2 in the storage period.
- 2. Evolution of starch and sugar content in fruits during ripening.
- 3. Evolution of respiration in fruits during ripening.
- 4. Changes in coloration of fruits during ripening. Measurement of photosynthetic pigments.
- 5. Evolution of pulp hardness during fruit ripening.



READING

BASIC READING:

- KAYS, S.J. (1991). Postharvest Physiology of Perishable Plant Products. Ed. Van Nostrand Reinhold.
- HERRERO A y J. GUARDIA (1992). Conservación de Frutos. Manual Técnico. Ed. Mundi Prensa
- WILLS, R.B.H. (1984) Fisiología y Manipulación de Frutas y Hortalizas Post-recolección., E.G. Hall, D. Gram. Ed. Acribia
- J.E. Taylor, G.A. Tucker (1993). Biochemistry of Fruit Ripening. Ed. Chapman Hall
- WILLS, R. (1999). Introducción a la Fisiología y Manipulación Poscosecha de Frutas y Hortalizas y Plantas Ornamentales. Ed. Acribia
- ADEL A. KADER (1992). Postharvest Technology of Horticultural Crops. Ed. University of California

COMPLEMENTARY READING:

- TAIZ L. et al. (2015): Plant Physiology and Development (6th ed.). Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, MA, USA. Online contents: http://6e.plantphys.net/
- TAIZ, L. y ZEIGER, E. (2010). Plant Physiology (5^a Ed.). Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, MA, USA
- AMORÓS, A., P. ZAPATA, M.T. PRETEL, M.A. BOTELLA, y M. SERRANO. (2003) Physico-chemical and physiological changes during fruit development and ripening of five loquat (*Eriobotrya japonica* lindl.) cultivars. Food Science and Technology International, 9: 43-49.
- M.A. BOTELLA, F. DEL AMOR, A. AMORÓS, M. SERANO, V. MARTÍNEZ and A. CERDÁ. (2000). Poliamine, ethylene and other physical-chemical parameters in tomato (*Lycopersicon esculentum* mill. cv. daniela) fruits as affected by salinity. Physiologia Plantarum, 109: 428-434.
- Giovannoni, J. 2001. Molecular biology of fruit maturation and ripening. Annu. Rev. Plant Physiol. Mol. Biol., 52: 725-749.
- PRETEL, M.T., BOTELLA, M.A., ZAPATA, P.J., AMORÓS, A. AND SERRANO, M. (2004). Antioxidative activity and general fruit characteristics in different traditional orange (*Citrus sinensis* (l.) osbeck) varieties. European Food Research and Technology, 219: 474-478.
- SERRANO, M., M.T. PRETEL, M.A. BOTELLA, A. AMORÓS. (2001) Physicochemical changes during date ripening related to ethylene production. Food Science and Technology International, 7: 31-36.
- VALERO, D., MARTÍNEZ-ROMERO, D. AND SERRANO, M. (2002). The role of polyamines in the improvement of the shelf life of fruit. Trends in Food Science & Technology, 13: 228-234.
- ZUZUNAGA, M., SERRANO, M., MARTÍNEZ-ROMERO, D., VALERO, D. and RIQUELME, F. (2001). Comparative study of two plum (*Prunus salicina*, Lindl) cultivars during growth and ripening. Food Science and Technology International, 7: 123-130.

RECOMMENDED INTERNET LINKS

